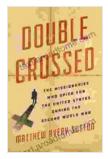
The Missionaries Who Spied For The United States During The Second World War

During World War II, a group of missionaries risked their lives to spy for the United States. Their story is told in the book 'The Missionaries Who Spied For The United States During The Second World War' by Mark Aarons and John Loftus.



Double Crossed: The Missionaries Who Spied for the United States During the Second World War

by Matthew Avery Sutton

🚖 🚖 🚖 🚖 4.6 out of 5		
Language	: English	
File size	: 27764 KB	
Text-to-Speech	: Enabled	
Screen Reader	: Supported	
Enhanced typeset	ting : Enabled	
X-Ray	: Enabled	
Word Wise	: Enabled	
Print length	: 417 pages	



The missionaries were sent to the Philippines by the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions (ABCFM). They were tasked with spreading Christianity and providing medical care to the local population. However, they soon realized that they could also use their positions to gather intelligence for the United States. The missionaries collected information on Japanese troop movements, fortifications, and airfields. They also helped to organize resistance groups and smuggle supplies to the guerrillas. Their work was extremely dangerous, and several of them were captured and tortured by the Japanese.

Despite the risks, the missionaries continued to spy for the United States throughout the war. Their work made a significant contribution to the Allied victory, and they were eventually awarded the Presidential Medal of Freedom.

The Missionaries

The missionaries who spied for the United States during World War II were a diverse group of people. They came from different backgrounds and had different motivations for joining the mission. However, they were all united by their patriotism and their willingness to risk their lives for their country.

One of the most famous missionaries who spied for the United States was John Birch. Birch was a Baptist minister who had been sent to the Philippines in 1936. He quickly became involved in the local community, and he soon learned about the growing Japanese threat. Birch began collecting information on Japanese troop movements and fortifications, and he eventually became one of the most valuable spies for the United States.

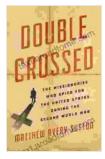
Another missionary who spied for the United States was William Axling. Axling was a Methodist minister who had been sent to the Philippines in 1922. He was a skilled linguist and a talented photographer. Axling used his skills to gather intelligence on Japanese ships and airfields. He also helped to organize resistance groups and smuggle supplies to the guerrillas. The missionaries who spied for the United States during World War II were ordinary people who did extraordinary things. They risked their lives to gather intelligence for their country, and they made a significant contribution to the Allied victory.

The Impact of the Missionaries' Work

The work of the missionaries who spied for the United States during World War II had a significant impact on the war. Their intelligence reports helped the United States to plan its military campaigns, and their work with the guerrillas helped to weaken the Japanese occupation of the Philippines.

In addition to their military contributions, the missionaries also provided humanitarian aid to the people of the Philippines. They established schools and hospitals, and they provided food and shelter to those who had been displaced by the war. The missionaries' work made a lasting impact on the Philippines, and they are still remembered today as heroes.

The story of the missionaries who spied for the United States during World War II is a fascinating one. It is a story of courage, sacrifice, and patriotism. The missionaries risked their lives to gather intelligence for their country, and they made a significant contribution to the Allied victory. Their story is one that should be remembered and celebrated.



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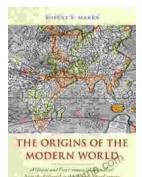
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